

### Edition: 1-2017

### **Technical Data Sheet**

### The Pur'fect RWF HFO

Low Warming Potential

### **Application:**

The Pur'fect RWF HFO system is a 4<sup>th</sup> generation sprayed (in-situ) **thermal insulation**. This system was particularly formulated to be used in walls, ceilings and floors. Emphasizes the application on façades where, besides the thermal insulation, it performs the function of **waterproofing**.

#### Intended use: Thermal insulation of buildings

The Pur'fect RWF HFO product line is free of ingredients that contribute to global warming due to the greenhouse effect or that deplete the ozone layer.

The Pur'fect RWF HFO system uses as blowing agent a Hydrofluoro-olefine (HFO) with ultra-low global warming potential by greenhouse effect (GWP100 = 1) and low thermal conductivity value. The permanent nature of this blowing agent confers the product high thermal insulating properties.

Aside from its excellent properties as an insulation material, this system has following advantages:

Insulation and waterproofing in one step.

• Excellent water tightness throughout his life.

• High resistance to cracking.

• Excellent adhesion to the substrate. The spray foam bonds to most surfaces without the need for glues or mechanical fasteners.

• Air tightness.

#### **Chemical Characteristics:**

	Component A:	Pur'fect RWF HFO*	Mixture of polyols and additives (Catalysts, Surfactants and		
			blowing agent (water). Product does not contain HFCs.		
		* Reactivity guideline:	V= Summer, under warm processing conditions (10 to 40°C)		
			I= Winter, under cold processing conditions (5 to 30°C) NOTE: the indicated temperature ranges are recommendations to		
			guide the choice to the most suitable product.		
		** The product is free of (GWP) affected by the re	** The product is free of ingedients with high global warming potential by greenhouse effect (GWP) affected by the regulation (EU) No 517/2014.		
	Component B:	Pur'fect 100	MDI (diphenylmethane diisocyanate)		
Su	ipply:				
	The type of europhy	of the components will	he desided after consulting with our Sales Office		

The type of supply of the components will be decided after consulting with our Sales Office.

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#### Storage, Preparation:

Polyurethane components are moisture sensitive. Therefore they must be stored at all times in sealed, closed containers. The A-component (Polyol) must be homogenised by basic stirring before processing. More detailed information should be obtained from the separate data sheet entitled "Information for in-coming material control, storage, material preparation and waste disposal" and from the component data.

#### **Possible Hazards:**

The B-component (Isocyanate) irritates the eyes, respiratory organs and the skin. Sensitization is possible through inhalation and skin contact. MDI is harmful by inhalation. On processing these, take note of the necessary precautionary measures described in the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS). This applies also for the possible dangers in using the A-component (Polyol) as well as any other components.

See also our separate information sheet "Safety- and Precautionary Measures for the Processing of Polyurethane Systems. Use our Training Program "Safe Handling of Isocyanate."

#### Consumer articles, medical products:

There are national and international laws and regulations to consider if it is intended to produce consumer articles (eg articles that necessitate food or skin contact, toys etc.) or medical objects out of Technisol products. Where these do not exist, the current legal requirements of the European Union for consumer articles as well as medical products should be sufficient. Consultation with our Sales Office and our Ecology and Product Safety Department is strongly recommended.

Component data (25 °C):						
Property	Unit	Comp. A	Comp. B	Method		
Viscosity at 25ºC	mPa.s	260	220	G133-07*		
Density at 25°C	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1,18	1,23	G133-08*		
OH Value	mgKOH/g	280	-	G133-01*		
NCO Content	%, weight	-	31,5	G133-06*		
Shelf Life	Months	3	6			

\*Technisol methodes

<b>Reaction Profile and Free Rise Density:</b> (components at 20 ± 2 °C and the indicated mixing ratio)						
Property	Unit	Pur'fect RWF Pur'fect RWF		Method		
		HFO V	HFO I			
Mixing ratio		100:104	100:104			

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(weight)				G132-01*
Cream time (CT)	S	4	4	G132-01*
Gel time (GT)	S	8	7	G132-01*
Tack Free Time (TFT)	S	10	9	G132-01*
Beaker Free Rise Density				
(FRB)	kg/m³	33,0	33,0	G132-01*

\*Technisol method in accordance with the method described in standard EN 14315-1

#### **Process:**

The spraying process consists of projecting a pulverized mixture of the two components onto surface which is meant to be insulated. The mixture reacts on the surface, adhering to it instantaneously, and expands into rigid foam. The following conditions should be observed for the correct application of the system:

		Pur'fect RWF HFO V	Pur'fect RWF HFO I					
Machine Conditions								
Mixing Ratio of Comp	oonents:	1:1 (volume)						
Component Tempera	tures:	30 – 50 °C						
Component Pressure	:	60 – 11	10 Bar					
	Environmental Conditions							
Ambient Temperature	9:	Between +10 and +40 °C	Between +5 and +30 °C					
Relative Humidity:		< 85 %						
Wind speed:		≤ 30 km/h						
	Substrate Conditions							
Substrate Temperature:		Between +10 and +40 °C Between +5 and +						
Substrate Humidity:	Porous substrates	≤ 20 %						
	Nonporous substrates	Without condensations on substrate						

The thickness of each applied layer should be between 1,5 and 4 cm. In order to maintain an adequate dimensional stability, it is not recommended to apply ticker layers.

IMPORTANT: When applying thicker layers (3 - 4 cm), it is very important to wait a minimum of 10 minutes between passes in order to give the foam enough time to release the heat coming from the exothermic reaction, otherwise it can occur delamination.

The distance from the spray gun to the substrate is recommended to be approx. 80 cm.



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Pur'fect RWF HFO V

#### PU EN 14315-1-CCC4-CT4(20)-GT7(20)-TFT9(20)-FRB33(20)-W0,2-CS(10/Y)200DLT(2)5-MU65-A3

#### **Performance Chart:**

(in accordance with EN 14315-1):

Type of facing: None or diffusion open			Type of facing: None or diffusion open		
Thickness Declared aged Thermal		Thickness	Declared aged	Thermal	
	thermal	Resistance		thermal	resistance
	conductivity( $\lambda_D$ )	level (R <sub>D</sub> )		conductivity ( $\lambda_D$ )	level(R <sub>D</sub> )
	W/m∙K	m²⋅K/W		W/m∙K	m²⋅K/W
30 mm	0,028	1,05	120 mm	0,028	4,35
35 mm	0,028	1,25	125 mm	0,028	4,55
40 mm	0,028	1,45	130 mm	0,028	4,75
45 mm	0,028	1,60	135 mm	0,028	4,90
50 mm	0,028	1,80	140 mm	0,028	5,10
55 mm	0,028	2,00	145 mm	0,028	5,30
60 mm	0,028	2,15	150 mm	0,028	5,45
65 mm	0,028	2,35	155 mm	0,028	5,65
70 mm	0,028	2,55	160 mm	0,028	5,85
75 mm	0,028	2,70	165 mm	0,028	6,00
80 mm	0,028	2,90	170 mm	0,028	6,20
85 mm	0,028	3,10	175 mm	0,028	6,40
90 mm	0,028	3,25	180 mm	0,028	6,55
95 mm	0,028	3,45	185 mm	0,028	6,75
100 mm	0,028	3,65	190 mm	0,028	6,95
105 mm	0,028	3,80	195 mm	0,028	7.10
110 mm	0,028	4,00	200 mm	0,028	7.30
115 mm	0,028	4,20			

Declared aged thermal conductivity value ( $\lambda_D$ ) at 10°C calculated with statistical procedure 90/90 and rounded upwards to the nearest 0,001 W/m·K.

Thermal resistance value ( $R_D$ ) calculated with aged thermal conductivity at 10°C and rounded downwards to the nearest 0,05m<sup>2</sup> K/W.

Foam Physical Properties declared in the CE Marking:					
Property	Pur'fect RWF HFO	Unit	Standard		



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Short term water absorption by partial	≤ 0,20	Kg/m <sup>2</sup>	EN 1609
immersion			
Water vapour resistance factor (µ)	≥ 65	-	EN 12086
Closed cells content	≥ 90	%	ISO 4590
Substrate adhesion strength	>100	kPa	EN 14315-1
perpendicular to faces			
Compression strength	≥ 200	kPa	EN 826
(10% deformation)			
Deformation under load and temperature			
Load	40	kPa	
Temperature	70 ± 1	°C	EN 1605
Total thickness reduction	≤ 5,0	%	
Test duration	168 ± 1	h	
Thermal conductivity at 10°C			
Aged value	See Performance Chart	W/(m⋅K)	EN 14315-1
Reaction to Fire	Class E		
(naked foam)	(valid for all thicknesses)	-	EN 13501-1
Suitable substrates:			

Under favorable weather conditions, the rigid spray polyurethane foam Pur'fect has a good adhesion to most constructions materials (concrete, brick, wood, steel). They must be clean (without dust or grease), dry and, in case of metallic substrates, free of rust. If the adhesion is not acceptable under these conditions, a previous treatment like a primer may be necessary.

Nevertheless, due to the wide range of substrates and primers used in construction, it is not possible to guarantee perfect adhesion of this system to all surfaces. It is therefore recommended to test adhesion in each case.

See our "Guide for the application of Pur'fect Systems" for more detailed information about the general installation process and the suitable substrates.